- 1. POLICY FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS OF DECEASED DEPOSITORS AND RETURN OF ARTICLES IN SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS / SAFE CUSTODY 2022-23.
- POLICY FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF MISSING PERSONS 2022-23.

## Introduction

The legal position is quite clear in the matter of deceased caims. In the absence of nomination or clear mandate in respect of a joint account or a Will left behind by the deceased depositor, banks are expected to pay the balance outstanding at the time of death of the account holder (s) to all the legal heirs of the deceased. Considering the risk involved, Banks traditionally used to lock for legal representation (in the form of a succession certificate, letter of administration or probate etc.) for settlement of claims. The system of obtaining operational mandates in joint accounts emerged as a banking practice to overcome difficulties in settlement of claims in deceased accounts. Subsequently, the statutes were amended in 1985 to provide for nomination facility in Bank deposits, However, since nomination safe deposit lockers and safe custody of articles. facility is optional at the discretion of the depositor and at times nominees predecease the account holder, problems and difficulties in settlement of deceased claims persisted. Delays in settlement of claims to legal heirs in respect of deposits, safe custody of articles or contents of lockers of deceased constituents of banks cause considerable hardship to dependent legal heirs.

With a view to removing the hardships faced by customers and field functionaries at Branch level, the Operations Department has updated and consolidated all the provisions related to settlement of Deceased Claim in this Policy on the basis of circular issued by department, the directives given by regulatory authorities viz. Reserve Bank Of India, Banking Codes and Standards Board of India and Indian Banks. Association from time to time.



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## CHAPTER I - Salient description of Deceased settlement

## 1.1. Claims Within Threshold Limit—

The threshold limit, for expeditious settlement of claims without Nomination/Survivor clause, is Rs.25, 000/-

When the amount of claim is within the threshold limit of Rs.25000/-, the claim would be settled after ascertaining proof of death of the depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir/s and a letter of Indemrity-cum-Affidavit (as per Annexure-5) to be executed by the legal heir(s). The existing procedure of conducting local enquiry to ascertain the facts of death of the depositor and details of legal heir(s) would continue.

In case the account is jointly operated by two or more persons (i.e. with operating instructions Payable Joint y), where one or more of the account holder have died and the others are alive & the amount payable is within the threshold limit the claim will be settled in same manner as stated above except the change that the documents will be executed jointly by the legal heirs (or anyone of them as mandated by the legal heirs p<sup>2</sup> the deceased depositors and the surviving depositor(s).

## 1.2 Claims Above Threshold Limit -

Where the amount of claim is above the threshold limit of Rs.25000/-, in addition to ascertaining proof of death of depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir(s), the following documents are to be taken –

- Letter of Indemnity executed jointly by all the legal heir(s) along with two sureties of substantial worth as per Annexure 5 A
- Declaration on Oath by all the legal heirs duly notarized as per Annexure- 5B

In case the account is jointly operated by two or more persons (i.e. with operating instructions Payable Jointly), where one or more of the account holder have died and the others are alive & the amount payable is above the threshold limit the claim will be settled in same manner as stated above except the change that the documents will be executed jointly by the legal heirs (or anyone of them as mandated by the legal heirs) of the deceased depositors and the surviving depositor(s).



# CHAPTER II - Guidance to the Customers on advantages of Nomination facility / Survivor Mandate

The policy document also aims at creating greater awareness amongst depositors about the advantages of availing nomination facility offered by banks as well as for giving operational mandates like " Either or Survivor" etc. when accounts are opened in the joint names

## 2.1.1. Nomination facility

- Nomination Facility is an ideal tool to mitigate the hardships faced by common person in settlement of claims in the event of death of the account holder.
- Nomination facility simplifies the procedure for settlement of claims of the deceased depositors as banks get a valid discharge by making payment of the balance outstanding in a depositor's account at the time of his death or delivering contents of locker or articles kept in safe custody to the nominee.
- Nomination is optional for Bank customers. It is, therefore, necessary that nomination facility is popularized and customers are made aware of its advantages while opening a deposit account or opting for the lockers.
- As per RBI stipulations, unless the customer prefers not to nominate, nomination should be a rule to cover all existing and new accounts.
- Branches must insist for nomination at the time of opening of a deposit account. In case the person opening an account declines to fill in nomination, he should be educated about the advantages of nomination facility.
- If he/she still does not want to nominate, Branch should ask him/her to give a specific letter to the effect that he/she does not want to make a nomination.
- In case the person opening the account declines to give such a letter, Branch shall record the fact on the account opening form and proceed with the opening of the account if otherwise found eligible.
- Under no circumstances, Branch should refuse to open an account solely on the ground that the person opening the account refused to nominate.
- The same procedure should be adopted in respect of deposit accounts in case of Sole Proprietorship concerns also.
- The rule governing nomination provides:
  - Nomination facility is available for single account holder, joint account holders & Sole Proprietorship accounts.
  - There can be only one nominee for deposit account whether held singly or jointly irrespective
    of operational instructions.
  - There can be more than one nominee for a jointly held locker operated jointly but number of nominees cannot be more than locker holders.
  - A person legally empowered to operate a minor's account can file a nomination on behalf of a minor.
    - A nominee cannot be an Association, Trust, or any other Organization or any Office bearer in his official capacity. Nomination other than an individual will not be valid.

HUF cannot give nomination in Deposit Accounts.



- In case of a joint deposit account, the nominee's right arises only after the death of all the depositors.
- It should also be made clear to the depositor(s) that nomination is introduced solely for the
  purpose of simplifying the procedure for settlement of claims of deceased depositors and
  nomination facility does not take away the rights of legal heirs on the estate of the deceased.
  The nominee would be receiving the balance outstanding from the bank as a trustee of the
  legal heirs.
- Witness in a Nomination Form— The rule provides that only thumb impression(s) of the account holder is required to be attested by two witnesses. Signatures of the other account holders need not be attested by witnesses.

## 2.1.2 Survivor Mandate -- Savings and Current accounts in the name of individuals

- A joint account opened as "Either or Survivor" or "Anyone or Survivors" or "Former or Survivors" or "Latter or Survivor" will permit the surviving account holder(s) to have unimpeded access to the credit palance in the account for withdrawal if one of the co-account holders dies.
- If the mandate of survivorship is given/provided, the survivor(s) can give a valid discharge to the bank in the case of "Either or Survivor"/" Anyone or Survivors" and "Former or Survivors"/ "Later or Survivor" joint accounts.
- In short, payment to survivor(s) can be made in the normal course subject to the only rider that there is no order from a competent court restraining the Bank from making such payment as per Table 1 and Table 2 in Page No. 22

## 2.1.3. Survivor Mandate -- Time deposit accounts in the name of individuals.

Please refer Table 3, Table 4 and Table 4(A) in Page 23 and 24.

## 2.2. Guidance to the Customers the facility of premature termination of Term Deposit:

Branches are advised to bring it to the notice of the account holder(s) about the following provisions –

- The event of premature payment with operating instructions E/S or F/S, the deposit receipt will be signed by all the deposit holders.
- In the event of death of depositor/s, premature termination of term deposit would be allowed only with concurrence of the legal heirs of the deceased joint holders.
- In case the mandate is Former or Survivor, the Former alone can operate /withdraw the matured amount of the Fixed/Term deposit when both the depositors are alive. If the Former expires before maturity of Fixed/Term deposit, the survivor can withdraw the deposit on maturity.
- In case the depositors has given the Special Mandate as per page 3 of Account Opening Form, the premature payment / loan can be allowed on the request of single depositor in whose favour mandate has been given as per Table 3, 4 and 4(A) in Page 23 and 24.
- Such premature withdrawal would not attract any penal charge if the amount of deposit is Rs.5 lacs or below in normal case & for any amount in case of death of depositor/s



CHAPTER III - Delegated powers

3.1	Settlement of deceased claim	
	Authority	Amount in Rs.
	BM (Scale-I)	50,000
	BM (Scale-II)	1,00,000
	BM (Scale-III)	2,00,000
	BM (Scale-IV)	5,00,000
	Regional Manager (V/VI) & AGM-ELB	Full Powers
	Zonal Manager /FGM(VI & VII)	Full Powers
	General Managers at CO/ZO	Full Powers
	ED/ MD & CEO	Full Powers

3.2	Settlement of claim of Missing	Person	
	BM (Scale-I)	20,000	
	BM (Scale-II)	50,000	
	BM (Scale-III)	1,00,000	
	BM (Scale-IV)	2,50,000	
	Regional Manager (V/VI) & AGM-ELB	Full Powers	
	Zonal Manager /FGM(VI & VII)	Full Powers	
	General Managers at CO/ZO	Full Powers	
774	ED/ MD & CEO	Full Powers	



## CHAPTER IV - Settlement of claims in various types of accounts

## 4.1. Single Account with or without nomination

## 4.1.1. Saving Account/Current Account

#### 4.1.2. With Nomination

In case of with Nomination, the balance outstanding will be payable to the nominee irrespective of amount at the Branch level subject to production of –

- Application -Annexure-3
- > Proof of death of depositor/s and
- > Suitable identification of the claimants to the satisfaction of the Bank

provided there is no order from the competent Court restraining the Bank from making payment from the account of the deceased.

#### 4.1.3. Without Nomination

In case of without Nomination, payment of deceased account will be settled by delegates within their delegated powers given in chapter III subject to production of documents—

- proof of death of the depositor/s and
- Suitable identification of the claimants to the satisfaction of the Bank Along with following documents
- If within threshold limits = Annexure-4, Annexure-5, Annexure-6
- If above the threshold limit =Annexure-4A, Annexure 5-A, Annexure 5-B, Annexure-6

#### 4.1.4 Term Deposit Account (on maturity or before maturity)

#### 4.1.5. With Nomination

The balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee irrespective of amount at the Branch level on production of Application (Annexure-3) and verification of his/her identity such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc. and proof of death of depositor on maturity or before maturity of deposit.

#### 4.1.6. Without Nomination

The balance outstanding will be paid to the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) by delegates within their delegated powers given in chapter III after verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositor on maturity or before maturity of the deposit and production of documents (i.e. Annexure-4, Annexure-5, Annexure-6 – for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure 5-A, Annexure 5-B and Annexure-6 – For claim amount above the threshold limit).

- 4.2. Joint Account having operating instructions "Operated Jointly" With or Without Nomination
- 4.2.1. Savings Account/Current Account/Time Deposit Accounts (Before Maturity or on maturity)

#### 4.2.2. With Nomination

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the balance outstanding with interest will be paid jointly to the survivor(s) and legal heirs of the deceased joint account holder (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) by delegates within their delegated powers against their joint claim (Annexure-4, Annexure-5, and Annexure-6 for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure- 5A, Annexure- 5B and Annexure-6-For claim amount above the threshold limit) on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.
- In the event of death of both/all joint account holders, the balance outstanding at the time of death of the depositors will be paid to the nominee irrespective of amount at the Branch level against their application in Annexure-3 on verification of his identity such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc. and proof of death of depositors.

#### 4.2.3. Without Nomination

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the amount outstanding will be paid jointly to the survivor(s) and legal heirs of the deceased joint account holder (or any of one them as mandated by all the legal heirs) by delegatees within their delegated powers against their joint claim (Annexure-4, Annexure-5 and Annexure-6 for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure- 5A, Annexure- 5B and Annexure-6 For claim amount above the threshold limit)on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.
- In the event of death of both/all joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heir(s) of all the deceased depositors (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) by delegatees within their delegated powers against their application in (Annexure-4, Annexure-5 and Annexure-6 for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure-5A, Annexure-5B and Annexure-6 For claim amount above the threshold limit)on verification of authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.
- 4.3. Joint Account with mandate "Either or Survivor" / "Former or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivor" / "Latter or Survivor" With or Without Nomination:

#### 4.3.1 Savings Account/Current Account

#### 4.3.2 With Nomination

In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstancing will be paid to survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositor.

In the event of death of both/all the joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee irrespective of amount at the Branch level against their application in Annexure-3on verification of his/her identity such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc. and proof of death of the depositors.

#### 4.3.3. Without Nomination

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- In the event of death of both/all the joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heirs ( or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs ) by delegatees within their delegated powers against their joint claim (Annexure-4, Annexure-5, and Annexure-6 – for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure-5A, Annexure-5B and Annexure-6-For claim amount above the threshold limit)on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the depositors.
- 4.4.1 Term Deposit Account (Joint Account with mandate "Either or Survivor"/ "Former or Survivor"/" Anyone or Survivor"/"Latter or Survivor") With or Without Nomination: "ON MATURITY"

### 4.4.2. With Nomination:

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositors on maturity of deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of the deposit.
- In the event of death of all joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee irrespective of amount at the Branch level, against their application in Annexure-3on verification of his/her identity (such as election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositors on maturity of deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of the deposit.

#### 4.4.3. Without Nomination:

- In the event of death of one of the depositors (or more but not all), the balance outstanding will be paid to the survivors on verification of proof of death of the depositor on maturity of the deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of the deposit.
- In the event of death of all the joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the legal heir(s) of all the deceased depositors (Or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs of joint holders) by delegatees within their delegated powers against their joint claim (Annexure-4, Annexure-5 and Annexure-6 for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure- 5A, Annexure- 5B and Annexure-6 For claim amount above the threshold limit)on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the depositors on maturity of the deposit.
- 4.5.1. Premature termination of Term Deposit Account (Joint Account with mandate "Either or Survivor" / "Former or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivor" / "Latter or Survivor" - With or Without Nomination: "BEFORE MATURITY"



#### 4.5.2 with Nomination

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the survivor(s) will have the right to seek premature termination of term deposit account only if specific joint mandate from the depositors for the said purpose has been obtained subject verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- In the event of death of all the joint depositors, the nominee will have the right to seek premature termination of term deposit account irrespective of amount at the Branch level, against their application in Annexure-3 on verification of his/her identity such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc. and proof of death of the depositors.

#### 4.5.3 Without Nomination

- In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the survivor(s) will have the right to seek premature termination of term deposit account only if specific joint mandate from the depositors for the said purpose has been obtained subject verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- In the event of death of all the joint depositors, premature termination will be permitted against joint request by all legal heirs of the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) by delegatees within their delegated powers against their joint claim (Annexure-4, Annexure-5 and Annexure-6 for claim amount within threshold limits and Annexure-4A, Annexure- 5A, Annexure- 5E For\_claim amount above the threshold limit) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the depositors.



## Chapter V- Settlement of Claims in Safe Deposit Lockers/ Safe Custody Articles

## A LOCKER ACCOUNTS WITH NOMINATION-

Section 45ZE & ZF of the Banking RegulationAct,1949, provide nomination facilities in case of Safe Deposit Lockers.(Annexure SL-13 to SL-17).

## 1) Section 45-ZE: Release of contents of Safe Deposit Lockers-

- a) Where an individual is the sole hirer of a locker from Bank, whether such locker is located in the safe deposit vault of such Bank or elsewhere, such individual may nominate one person to whom, in the event of the death of such individual, the banking company may give access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents of the locker.
- b) Where any such locker is hired from a Bank by two or more individuals jointly and under the contract of hire, the locker is to be operated under the joint signatures of two or more of such hirers, such hirers may nominate one or more persons to whom, in the event of the death of such joint hirer or hirers, the banking company may give, jointly with the surviving joint hirer or joint hirers, as the case may be, access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents of such locker.
- c) Every nomination under sub-section (a) or sub-section (b) shall be made in the prescribed manner.
- d) The Bank shall, before permitting the removal of the contents of any locker by any nominee or jointly by any nominee and survivors as aforesaid, prepare, in such manner as may be directed by the Reserve Bank from time to time, an inventory (Annexure SL-12) of the contents of the locker which shall be signed by such nominee or jointly by such nominee and survivors and shall deliver a copy of the inventory so prepared to such nominee or nominee and survivors.
- e) On the removal of the contents of any locker by any nominee or jointly by any nominee and survivors as aforesaid, the liability of the Bank in relation to the contents of the locker shall stand discharged.
- f) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against a banking company for any damage caused or likely to be caused, for allowing access to any locker, and liberty to remove the contents of such locker, in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (a) or sub-section (b), as the case maybe.
- 2) Section 45-ZF: No notice of the claim of any person, other than hirer or hirers of lockers, shall be receivable by the Bank nor shall the Bank be bound by any such notice even though expressly given to it:-

**Provided** where any decree, order, certificate or other authority from a court of a competent Jurisdiction relating to the locker or its contents is produced before Bank, The Bank shall take due note of such decree, order or certificate or other Authority.

- 3) Section 45ZE does preclude a minor from being nominee for obtaining delivery of the content of a locker. However the responsibility of the branches in such cases is to ensure that when the contents of a locker is to be removed on behalf of the minor nominee, the articles are handed over to a person, who as per law is competent to receive the articles on behalf of minor.
- 4) Reserve Bank of India vide their letter DBOD No.Leg.634/C.233A-86dated 30.05.86 have advised that the relevant provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 do not prohibit the extension of nomination of facility to locker hired by two or more individuals jointly, with operating instructions, "Either or Survivor" or "Former or Survivor", but there is no provision for making more than one nominee. Hence one nominee may be allowed in case of lockers with operating instructions, "Either or Survivor" or "Former or Survivor" A/c. However the nominee will get the contents only after the death of all the locker hirers. (Annexure SL-14 may be suitably be changed)
- 5) Nomination or cancellation of nomination or variation of nomination can be made at any time by the locker holder or jointly by all the locker holders, as the case may be during the period which the locker is under hire. (Please use Form SL-15 for cancellation & Form SL-16 for variation by sole hirer and Form SL-17 for variation to be made by joint hirers).
- 6) Other General Instructions- In the matter of delivery of article/s ir. safe deposit lockers to the nominee, a proper inventory of such article/s should be taken in the prescribed form SL-18. Bank is not required to open sealed/closed packet found in locker while releasing

#### B.LOCKER ACCOUNTS WITHOUTNOMINATION

## 1) Safe Deposit Lockers (operated singly) Without nomination;

A letter should be obtained from all the legal heirs requesting the bank to open the locker in their presence for the purpose of inventory and to keep back the articles in the same locker. Once the valuation is arrived, based on the inventory, the branch will be in a position to decide about the delegated authority for sanction.

a) Thereafter, if the valuation is Rs. 25000/- or below (within the Threshold limit) the claim would be settled after ascertaining proof of death of the depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir/s & a letter of Indemnity-cum-Affidavit as per Annexure-5 to be executed by the legal heir(s). The existing procedure of conducting local enquiry to ascertain the facts of ceath of the depositor and details of legal heir(s) would continue.

If the valuation is above the threshold limit of Rs. 25000/- then in addition to ascertaining proof of death of depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir(s), the following documents are to be taken-

- Letter of Indemnity executed jointly by all the legal heir(s) along with two sureties of substantial worth as per Annexure SL-27
- Declaration on Oath by all the legal heirs duly notarized as per Annexure SL-28
- c) Legal heir(s) of the deceased locker hirer or a person mandated by the legal heir(s) will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of proof of death of locker hirer. The legal heir(s) will have to produce documents to establish his/her identity. Before permitting legal heir(s) to remove contents of the Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory (Refer Annexure SL-18A) of the articles in the presence of legal heir(s)/ mandate holder and two independent witnesses.

## Safe Deposit Locker having Operational Instructions "Either or Survivor" or Any one or Survivor" or "Former or Survivor (Without Nomination)

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint hirers, the surviving hirers will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of proof of death of the joint hirer(s).
- b) In the event of death of all the locker hirers, all the legal heirs of the deceased joint hirers (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the locker hirers. Before permitting the surviving hirer(s)/legal heir(s) to remove contents of a Safe Deposit Locker, the Bank would prepare an inventory (Refer Annexure SL -18A) of the articles in the presence of the surviving hirers/ legal heirs and two independent witnesses.

## 3) Safe Deposit Locker having Operational instructions "JOINTLY" (Without Nomination)

A letter should be obtained from all the legal heirs requesting the bank to open the locker in their presence for the purpose of inventory valuation and to keep back the articles in the same locker. Once the valuation is arrived, based on the inventory, the branch will be in a position to decide about the delegated authority for sanction.

- a) Thereafter, if the valuation is Rs.25000/- or below (within the Threshold limit) the claim would be settled after ascertaining proof of death of the depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir/s & obtaining a letter of Indemnity-cum-Affidavit as per Annexure SL-23 executed by the legal heir(s). The existing procedure of conducting local enquiry to ascertain the facts of death of the depositor and details of legal heir(s) would continue.
- b) If the valuation is above the threshold limit of Rs. 25000/- then in addition to ascertaining proof of death of depositor, proof of identification / authority of legal heir(s), the following documents are to be taken-
- Letter of Indemnity executed jointly by all the legal heir(s) along with two sureties of substantial worth as per Annexure SL-27

- Declaration on Oath by all the legal heirs duly notarized as per Annexure SL-28
  - c) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the locker hirers, the surviving hirer(s) and legal heirs of the deceased hirer or a person mandated by them) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of the legal heir(s) and proof of death of the locker hirer.
  - d) In the event of death of both/all joint locker hirers, all the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heir(s) and proof of death of the locker hirers

Before permitting surviving hirer(s) and mandated legal heir(s) to remove contents of the safe deposit locker, the Bank would prepare an inventory (Refer Annexure SL-18A) of the articles in the presence of surviving hirer(s), mandatec legal heir(s) and two independent witnesses.

## C.LOCKER HOLDER DIED TESTATE I.E. LEAVING BEHIND A WILL AND

## CODICIL-

CO: OPR: 2002-03:47: dated 29.05.2002

CO: OPR: 2005-06:136: dated 30.12.2005

Modified vide circular CO: OPR: 2005-06:155 dated 20.02.2006

Instruction Circular No.2672 dated25.05.2021, Deceased Claim Policy

Where the deceased Locker holder died testate i.e. leaving behind him a will and codicil, the branch may deliver the contents of the locker after obtaining / following, documents / procedure mentioned below —

- a) The certified true copy of the WILL to be obtained for branch records.
- b) In addition to that the Probate against the will may also be obtained from the competent court. The Law regarding the Probate is not applicable uniformly on Pan India basis. Therefore, during the disposal of such type of cases the opinion from the Law Concerned/Law officer posted at Regional Office may be obtained.

### Pay to -

All the executor/s jointly and in the absence of executor/s to all the legatees (jointly) of the will and codicil on production and retaining for branch records of certified copy of original will and codicil (certified by Registrar of Assurances) if the codicil and will have been registered with Registrar of Assurances as per the provisions of Indian Registration Act or the will and the codicil have been deposited in a sealed cover, with registrar of assurances who has, after the death of the testator, caused the contents of sealed cover to be copied into his BookNo.3.



- ii. All the executor/s jointly and in the absence of executor/s to all the legatees (jointly) of the will and codicil, on production and retaining for branch records of certified copy of original will and codicil (certified by Notary Public) if the cocicil and will have not been registered with Registrar of Assurances as per the provisions of Indian Registration Act
- All the executor/s jointly and in the absence of executor/s to all the legatees (jointly) of the will and codicil, on production and retaining for branch records of certified copy of original will and codicil (certified / authenticated by Indian Consul or Vice-Consul or representative of the Central Govt.) if the will and codicil have been executed outside India, and
- iv. In cases mentioned in clauses (ii) & (iii) hereinabove in addition to certification / authentication by Notary Public / Indian Consul or Vice-Consul or representative of the Central Govt, as the case may be, the concerned branches have to also themselves compare the original will and codicil with the Notarized / Certified / Authenticated true copy of the will and codicil and accordingly make remarks on the Notarized / Certified / Authenticated true copy of will and codicil & accordingly make remarks on the Notarized / Certified / Authenticated true copy about such comparison and correctness of such copy and return the original will and codicil by retaining such Notarized / Certified / Authenticated true copy of will and codicil for the purpose of branch records.

Provided that if for reasons beyond the control of executors / legatees (i.e. due to refusal by more than one Notary Public to issue certified true copy of original will or codicil), they are not able to obtain the certified true copy of original of will and codicil from Notary Public then the concerned Branch Manager may himself verify the original will and codicil with the copy thereof and make remarks aboutsuch comparisons and correctness of such copy and return the original will and codicil by retaining such copy of will and codicil for the purposes of records of branch.

- Form CD-16 to be executed by Executors and all the beneficiaries who have attained majority and are competent to contract.(AnnexureSL-24)
- b) Letter of Indemnity executed in banks favour by all executors, beneficiaries competent to contract along with two independent persons of substantial worth, jointly and severally.(AnnexureSL-25)
- Attesting witnesses to the will of the deceased making an affidavit. (AnnexureSL-26)



## D.CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF MISSING LOCKERHOLDERS:

## I. Legal Position

The settlement of claims in respect of missing persons would be governed by the provisions of Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Section 107 deals with presumption of continuance and section 108 deals with presumption of death.

As per the provisions of Section 108 of the said Act, presumption of death can be raised only after a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing. As such, nominee/legal heirs have to raise an express presumption of death of the subscriber under Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act before a competent court. If the court presumes that he/she is dead, then the claim in respect of a missing person can be settled as is done for any other deceased accounts.

## II. Adoption of simplified procedures to avoid inconvenience and undue hardship to the common person

Obtaining court order regarding presumption of death could prove to be costly and time consuming for a common person. Hence, the RBI has suggested that the banks may follow a simplified procedure for settlement of such claims up to a threshold limit to be fixed by Banks having regard to the risks involved. Hence the branches are advised to adopt the following procedure to settle the claims of missing persons when the claim is made even before the receipt of courts order i.e. before a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing.

## For claims within threshold limits of Rs.25000/-

The	claim	within	threshold	limit	should	be	settled	without	insisting	on produ
0	FIR fo	r reportin	g missing of	a person	1					-
	Non-tr	aceable re	eport issued b	y police						
П	authori	ities Lette	r of indemni	ty cum a	dfidavit					

### The claim above the threshold limit of Rs.25000/-

The claim above	threshold	limit should	be settled by	production of	following documents:
			TO SECURE A COLD TO SECURE A SECURE ASSESSMENT OF THE SECURE ASSESSMENT		**************************************

	FIR for reporting missing of a person
0	Non-traceable report issued by police authorities
	Letter of indemnity with two sureties of substantial worth
and a	each Declaration on oath duly notarized

Publication in a newspaper mandatory in case of claims of amount of Rs.5.00 Lacs and more

# (Annexures SL-22, SL-23, SL-24, SL-27 & SL-28 may suitably be changed for missing locker holders)

Inordertoensurethatthearticlesleftinsafecustodyandcontentsoflockersarereturned to the genuine nominee, as also to verify the proof of death.

Time limit for settlement of claims: Branch shall settle the claims in respect of deceased locker hirers and shall release contents of the locker to survivor(s) / nominee(s), as the case may be, within a period not exceeding 15 days from the date of receipt of the claim subject to the production of proof of death of the depositor and suitable identification of the claim ant (s) with reference to nomination, to the bank's satisfaction.

A report to the Customer Service Committee of the Board, shall be at appropriate intervals, on an ongoing basis, the details of the number of claims received pertaining to deceased locker-hirers / depositors of safe custody article accounts and those pending beyond the stipulated period, with reasons there for. Customer Service Committee of the Board of the banksshallreviewthesettlementofclaimsandmakesuggestionstoensurethattheclaimsare settled as early as possible unless there is any litigation pending before the Courts or any difficulty is being faced in identifying the true claimant with reference to nomination.

## 5.3 Access to the articles in the safe deposit lockers / return of safe custody articles

If the sole locker hirer nominates an individual to receive the contents in the locker, in case of his death, after verification of the death certificate and satisfying the identity and genuineness of such individual approached, the banks shall give access of the locker to such nominee with iberty to remove the contents of the locker, after an inventory was taken in the prescribed manner. In case the locker was hired jointly with the instructions to operate it under joint signatures, and the locker hirer(s) nominates any other individual(s), in the event of death of any of the locker hirers, the bank shall give access of the locker and the liberty to remove the contents jointly to the survivor(s) and the nominee(s) after an inventory was taken in the prescribed manner. In case the locker was hired jointly with survivorship clause and the hirers instructed that the access of the locker should be given to "either or survivor", "anyone or survivor" or "former or survivor" or according to any other survivorship clause permissible under the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the branch shall follow the mandate in the event of death of one or more of the joint locker-hirers. (Refer form SL-18A, SL-1-, SL-22)

# Branch shall, however, ensure the following before giving access to the contents to nominee / Survivor:

- (i) Exercise due care and caution in establishing the identity of the survivor(s) / nominee(s) and the fact of death of the locker hirer by obtaining appropriate documentary evidence and officially valid documents(OVD);
- (ii) Make diligent effort to find out whether there is any order or direction from Courts/Forums restraining it from giving access to the locker of the deceased; and
- (iii) Make it clear to the survivor(s) / nominee(s) that access to articles in the locker / safe custody articles is given to them only as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased locker hirer i.e., such access given to them shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s) / nominee(s) to whom the access is given.

Similar procedure shall be followed for return of articles placed in the safe custody of the branch.

The branch shall ensure that, the contents of locker, when sought to be removed on behalf of a minor nominee, are handed over to a person who is, in law, competent to receive the articles on behalf of such minor. Further, the branch shall prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of two independent witnesses, one officer of the branch/bank who is not associated with the locker facility or safe deposit of articles and the claimant (s), who may be a nominee or an individual receiving the articles, on behalf of a minor.

The branch shall obtain a separate statement from the nominee (claimant) or the person competent to receive articles on behalf of the minor, as the case may be, that all the contents in the locker or in the safe custody of the branch, as the case may be, are received and the locker is empty and they have no objection to allotmen t of the locker to any other customer as per norms.

While giving access to the survivor(s)/nominee(s) of the deceased locker hirer/depositor of the safe custody articles, banks may avoid insisting on the production of succession certificate, letter of administration or probate, etc., or obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the survivor(s)/nominee(s), unless there is any discrepancy in nomination. In this regard, branch shall take note of our instructions under above mentioned para for ensure the following before giving access to the contents to nominee/ survivor:

In case where the deceased locker hirer had not made any nomination or where the joint hirers had not given any mandate that the access may be given to one or more of the survivors by a clear survivorship clause, branch shall adopt a deceased claim policy to facilitate access to legal heirs(s)/legal representative of the deceased locker hirer.

Similar procedure shall be followed for the articles under safe custody of the bank.



## CHAPTER VI - Settlement of claims in respect of Missing Persons

## 6.1 Legal Position

The settlement of claims in respect of missing persons would be governed by the provisions of Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Section 107 deals with presumption of continuance and section 108 deals with presumption of death. As per the provisions of Section 108 of the said Act, presumption of death can be raised only after a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing. As such, nominee/legal heirs have to raise an express presumption of death of the subscriber under Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act before a competent court. If the court presumes that he/she is dead, then the claim in respect of a missing person can be settled as is done for any other deceased accounts.

## 6.2 Adoption of simplified procedures to avail inconvenience and undue hardship to the common person

Obtaining court order regarding presumption of death could prove to be costly and time consuming for a common person. Hence, the RBI has suggested that the banks may follow a simplified procedure for settlement of such claims up to a threshold limit to be fixed by Banks having regard to the risks involved. Hence the branches are advised to adopt the following procedure to settle the claims of missing persons when the claim is made even before the receipt of courts order i.e. before a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing.

## 6.3 The claims within threshold limits of Rs.25000/-

The claim within threshold limit should be settled without insisting on production of any documentation other than:

- FIR for reporting missing of a person
- Non-traceable report issued by police authorities
- Letter of indemnity cum affidavit

#### 6.4. The claim above the threshold limit of Rs.25000/-

The claim above threshold limit should be settled by production of following documents -

- FIR for reporting missing of a person
- Non-traceable report issued by police authorities
- Letter of indemnity with two sureties of substantial worth each.
- Declaration on oath duly notarised.
- Publication in a newspaper mandatory in case of claims of amount of Rs.5.00 lacs and more.



# CHAPTER VII-Check Point for settlement of claims in deceased depositors' Accounts

- 7.1 Documents, which are required to be submitted along with the claim form:
  - > Proof of death of depositor (s) or hirer (s)
  - Proof of identification of nominee (s) wherever is applicable, such as Election ID Card, PAN card, Aadhar Card, Passport etc. or any other satisfactory proof of identification acceptable to the bank or proof of authority of legal heir(s) wherever is applicable.
- 7.2 Branch should exercise due care and caution in ascertaining the identity of the legal heir (s)/nominee(s) and the fact of death of the account holder, through appropriate documentary evidence. If necessary, any official of the Branch shall visit the place of the depositors to enquire about the genuineness of such claims.
- 7.3 It should be made clear to the survivor(s)/nominee(s) that he/they would be receiving payment from the bank as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased depositor, i.e. such payment to him/them shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor (s) / nominee (s) to whom the payment is made.
- 7.4 It may be noted that irrespective of the amount of payment made to the survivor (s) / nominee (s) subject to the foregoing conditions, would constitute a full discharge of the bank's liability. Insistence or production of legal representation is superfluous and unwarranted and it would only serve to cause avoidable inconvenience to the survivor (s) / nominee (s). In such case, therefore, while making payment to the survivor (s) / nominee (s) of the deceased depositor, the branch should not insist on production of succession certificate, letter of administration or probate, etc. or obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the survivor (s)/ nominee (s) standing to the credit of the deceased account holder.



## CHAPTER VIII - Other Important aspects

#### 8.1. Time Norms for settlement of claims

- 8.1.1 Bank will settle the claims in respect of deceased depositors and release payments to survivor (s) / nominee in case of accounts with survivor/nominee within a period not exceeding 15 days from the date of receipt of the claim subject to the production of proof of death of the depositor and suitable identification of the claimant (s) to the bank's satisfaction.
- 8.1.2 In case of accounts without survivor/ nominee clause, claims should be settled within a month's time from the date of receipt of all requisite documents by Branch.
- 8.1.3 Succession Certificate or Letter of Representation from a Court of competent jurisdiction should be insisted upon only in case when succession is not clear or in case of disputes where all the legal heirs do not join in signing the required documents.

### 8.2. Payment of interest in case of term deposit accounts of deceased depositor (s)

- In the event of the death of the depositor before the date of maturity of the deposit and the amount of the deposit is claimed after the date of maturity, the branch shall pay interest at the contracted rate till the date of maturity. From the date of maturity till the date of payment, the bank shall pay simple interest at the applicable rate operative on the date of maturity for the period for which the deposit remained with the bank beyond the date of maturity.
- In the case of death of the depositor after the date of maturity of deposit, the bank shall pay interest at savings rate operative on the date of maturity, from the date of maturity till the date of payment.

#### 8.3. Splitting of Term Deposit

If, on request from the claimant/s, the bank agrees to split the amount of term deposit and issues two or more receipts individually in the names of the claimant/s, it shall not be construed as premature withdrawal of the term deposit, provided the period and aggregate amount of the deposit do not undergo any change.

## 8.4. Treatment of flows in the name of the deceased depositor

In order to avoid hardship to the survivor (s)/ nominee of a deposit account, Branches may obtain appropriate agreement/authorization from the survivor (s) / nominee with regard to the treatment of pipeline flows in the name of the deceased account holder. In this regard, Branches could consider adopting either of the following two approaches:

- The bank could be authorized by the survivor (s) / nominee of a deceased account holder to open an account styled as 'Estate of Shri \_\_\_\_\_\_, the Deceased' where all the pipeline flows in the name of the deceased account holder could be allowed to be credited, provided no withdrawals are made.
- The bank could be authorized by the survivor (s) / nominee to return the pipeline flows to the remitter with the remark "Account holder deceased" and to intimate the survivor (s)/ nominee accordingly. The survivor (s)/nominee/legal heir (s) could then approach the remitter to effect payment through a negotiable instrument or through ECS transfer in the name of the appropriate beneficiary.

## CHAPTER IX- Settlement of claim In "Will" case

Where the deceased has died testate, i.e. leaving behind him a Will and Codicil, Eank may pay after obtaining/following the documents/procedure mentioned below:

- 9.1. The certified true copy of the Will to be obtained for banks record.
- 9.2. Pay to (i) All the executor/s [jointly] and in the absence of executor/s to all the delegatees [jointly] of the Will and Codicil on production & retaining for Bank's record of certified copy of original Will and Codicil [certified by registrar of assurance] if the will and codicil have been registered with registrar of assurance as per the provisions of Indian Registration Act or the Will and Codicil have been deposited, in a sealed cover, with Registrar of assurance who has, after the death of testator, caused the contents of sealed cover to be copied into his Book No.3, (ii) All the executor/s [jointly] and in the absence of executor/s to all the legatees [jointly] of the Will and Codicil, on production & retaining for Bank's record of the certified true copy of original Will and Codicil [certified by Notary Public] if the Will and Codicil have not been registered with registrar of assurance as per the provisions of Indian Registration Act, (iii) All the executor/s [jointly] and in the absence of the executor/s to all the legatees "jointly" of the Will and Codicil, on production & retaining for Bank's record of the certified true copy of original Will and Codicil [certified/authenticated by Indian
- 9.3. Consul or Vice-consul or representative of the Central Government) if the Will and Codicil nave been executed outside India, and (iv) In cases mentioned in clauses (a) (ii) & (iii) herein above, In addition to certification/authentication by notary public/Indian Consul or Vice-consul or representative of the Central Government, as the case may be, the concerned Branches have to also themselves compare the original Will and Codicil with the notarized/certified/authenticated true copy of Will and Codicil and accordingly make remarks on the notarized/certified/ authenticated true copy about such comparison and correctness of such copy and return the original Will and Codicil by retaining such notarized/certified/authenticated true copy of Will and Codicil for the purpose of Bank's record.
- 9.4.Provided that if for reasons beyond the control of executors/legatees [i.e. due to refusal by more than one notary public to issue certified true copy of original Will or Codicil] they are not able to obtain the certified true copy of original of Will and Codicil from notary public, then the concerned Branch Manager may himself verify the original Will and Codicil with the copy thereof and make remarks about such comparison and correctness of such copy and return the original Will and Codicil by retaining such copy of Will and Codicil for the purposes of records of Bank.



## CHAPTER X - Provisions of Law regarding Legal heirs

## 10.1 Hindu

- If the deceased is a male Hindu, dying intestate, it must be ascertained whether there are one or more Class – I legal heirs.
- The following are called
  - Class I legal heirs: mother, widow, son, daughter, son of a predeceased son, son/daughter of a predeceased daughter, son or daughter or widow of a predeceased son of a predeceased son, widow of a predeceased son, son/daughter of predeceased daughter of predeceased daughter, daughter of predeceased son of a predeceased daughter, daughter of predeceased son also. All Class-I legal heirs take simultaneously to the exclusion of any other legal heir and no one takes precedence over the other.
  - Class II legal heirs are classified in different Entries and legal heirs belonging to Entry-I will
    be preferred to the second entry and so on in succession. But there is no preference
    among these falling in the same entry and they take their share simultaneously

Entry - I - Father

Entry – II - (a) Son's daughter's son, (b) Son's daughter's daughter (c) Daughter's Daughter's son, (d) Daughter's daughter's daughter (e) brother and sister.

Entry - III - Son/daughter of daughter's son and son/daughter of daughter's daughter

Entry - IV - Gives son/daughter of brother or sister as the heirs and many more.

- n case, the deceased is a married female Hindu, who died intestate, the following are her legal heirs.
   (a) Sons & daughters (including the children of any predeceased son) & the husband (b) Heirs of husband (c) Mother & Father (d) Heirs of father (e) Heirs of Mother.
- If a female Hindu who dies intestate does not have son/daughter, the property inherited from her
  parents goes to heirs of father whereas if the same is inherited from husband or parents-in-law, heirs
  of husband will inherit the property.

### 10.2 Christian

- Where the deceased is a Christian, Indian Succession Act governs the intestate succession.
- As per the provision of this Act, the widow of the male intestate is entitled to one-third of the
  property while the remaining two-third goes to lineal descendants (i.e. scns & daughters) in equal
  shares. If he has none, whole property passes to his widow.
- If the male intestate has left no lineal descendant, one half goes to the widow and other half to the kindred (i.e. father, mother, brother, sister)
- In case a Christian female dies intestate, husband has the same right.



#### 10.3.Mohammedan

Inheritance in the case of Muslims is governed by the Sur ni or Shia law depending upon the sect in which they belong to.

According to Sunni Law the classes of heirs are :

Sharers - Heirs by consanguinity

 Ascendants : Father, True grandfather, Mother, True Grandmother

2. Descendants : Daughter, Son's daughter

3. Collateral : Full/consanguine sister, uterine brother/sister

4. Heirs by affinity: Husband, wife

But these 12 sharers will inherit fixed shares subject to conditions. A sharer may be excluded by many reasons such as nearer in blood will exclude remote one in one class. Sometimes share: may be converted as residuary or otherwise one sharer may be partly sharer and partly residuary.

## 10.4. Residuary category:

- After fixed share is allotted to the sharers the residue left is devolving upon the residuary:
- Children male or female of deceased, of son of deceased, of father of deceased, male descendants of true grandfather

Son is always a residuary. Daughter with son becomes residuary. Among these, descendants exclude all others. Ascendants exclude all others except descendants and descendants of nearer ascendants exclude those in remote. In each class of residuary nearer blood excuces remote one. Division among these is according to the rule of double share to the male and if only one sex is there, then equally divided.

In the absence of sharers and residuary, estate devolves upon his other blood relations i.e., distant kindred.

According to Shia law the heirs are

### Heirs by consanguinity

Parents

Children & descendants

- II (i) Grandparents (true , false)
  - (ii) Brother or sister and descendants
- III Paternal or maternal uncle of him or his parents and grandparents

## Heirs by Marriage : Husband, wife

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Heirs by consanguinity and heirs by affinity succeed simultaneously. Among heirs by consanguinity, those in class I exclude those in class II. The heirs in two sections of class I succeed together. In each section, nearer in degree exclude the remote. The son always takes as a residuary.

A certificate from Muslim Jama-I-eth in the letterhead signed by the head of the institution to which the deceased was affiliated should be obtained giving details of legal heirs with their age. In case of male deceased, a categorical certificate to the effect that the deceased had not married any woman other than the one named in the list is to be insisted upon.

## 10.5. Minor's Interest and Guardianship

- Where the legal heir is a minor, his lawful guardian will represent his interest.
- For Hindus and Christians, minor's father is the natural guardian and after him the mother. Regarding the guardianship of a minor (Hindu), it has been decided by the Supreme Court that even mother can be a natural guardian even during the life time of father since the welfare of child is of utmost importance.
- For a minor, who is a Muslim father, then person appointed by father's will, then father's father and then person appointed by father's father will be guardian in order.

A list of legal heirs under various personal laws is at Annexure - 9.



## Clarifications regarding Provisions in Nomination Rules

The Banking Companies (Nominations) Rules 1985 have been framed in terms of Sections 45 ZA to 45 ZF of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

## 1. Deposit Accounts

- (i) Nomination facility is intended only for individuals including a sole proprietary concern.
- (ii) There cannot be more than one nominee in respect of single/joint deposit account.
- (iii) Banks may allow variation/cancellation of a subsisting romination by all the surviving depositor(s) acting together. This is also applicable to deposits having operating instructions "Either or Survivor".
- (iv) It may be noted that in the case of a joint deposit account, the nominee's right arises only after the death of all the depositors.

### 2. Safe Deposit Lockers

- Nomination facility is available in respect of lockers hired singly as well as jointly. In respect of lockers in joint names nomination rules are applicable only if lockers are operated jointly.
- (ii) Where the lockers are hired jointly, on the death of any of the joint hirers, the contents of the locker are allowed to be removed only jointly by the nominee(s) and the survivor(s) after an inventory is taken in the prescribed manner. In such a case, after such removal preceded by an inventory, the nominee and surviving hirer(s) may still keep the entire contents with the same bank, if they so desire, by entering into a fresh contract of hiring a locker.
- (iii) Banks are not required to open sealed/closed packets found in locker while releasing them to the nominee or nominees and surviving hirers. Description of the sealed/closed packet(s) should however be mentioned in the inventory.
- (iv) Section 45 ZE of the B.R. Act, 1949 does not preclude a minor from being a nominee for obtaining delivery of the contents of a locker. The responsibility of the banks in such cases is to ensure that when the contents of a locker are sought to be removed on behalf of the minor nominee, the articles are handed over to a person who, in law, is competent to receive the articles on behalf of the minor.

### 3. Safe Custody Articles

(i) Nomination facility is available only in the case of individual depositor/sole proprietary concern and not in respect of persons jointly depositing articles for safe custody.



## Settlement of Claims in various types of Operational instructions

Table -1: For Savings and Current Deposits (With Nomination)

Account in the name of	Operational instructions	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
A	Self	X	X dies	A can change the nomination.
A	Self	X	A dies	X will receive the outstanding.
A,B	Either or Survivor	×	A dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to B.
4,8	Either or Survivor	X	B dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to A.
A,B	Either or Survivor	x	A & B die	X will receive the outstanding.
A, B	Jointly	×	A dies	Payable to B and legal heirs of A jointly.
A, 8	Jointly	×	B dies	Payable to A and legal heirs of B jointly.
A, B	Jointly	X	A & B die	Payable to X.

Table -2: For Savings and Current Deposits (Without Nomination)

Account in the name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	What is to be done	
A	Self	A dies	Outstanding will be payable to the legal heirs or any one of them mandated by all of the legal heirs.	
A, B	Either or Survivor	A dies	Outstanding will be payable to B.	
A, B	Either or Survivor	B dies	Outstanding will be payable to A.	
A.B	Either or Survivor	A & B die	Jointly payable to legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all the legal heirs).	
A B	Jointly	A dies	Jointly payable to B and legal heirs of the A (or any one of them mandated by all the legal heirs).	
A, B	Jointly	B dies	Jointly payable to A and legal heirs of the B (or any one of them mandated by all the legal heirs).	
A, B	Jointly	A & B die	Jointly payable to legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all the legal heirs).	



# Settlement of Claims in various types of Operational instructions Table -3: For Time Deposits (With Nomination)

Account in the name of	Operational instructions	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
A	Self	X	X dies	A can change the nomination.
A	Self	×	A dies	X will receive the outstanding before maturity as well as after maturity
A,B	Either or Survivor	X	A dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to B if Special Mandate is taken or will be payable jointly to B & Legal Heirs of A
A,B	Either or Survivor	×	B dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to A if Special Mandate is taken or will be payable jointly to A & Legal Heirs of B
A,B	Either or Survivor	Х	A & B die	X will receive the outstanding before or after maturity
А, В	Jointly	×	A dies	Payable to B and legal heirs of A jointly before or after maturity
A, B	Jointly	X	B dies	Payable to A and legal heirs of B jointly before or after maturity
А, В	Jointly	X	A & B die	Payable to X before or after maturity.

Table- 4: <u>For Time Deposits (Without Nomination)</u>
When Special Mandate is obtained as per Page -3 of Account Opening Form

Account in the name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	Payable before Maturity	Payable After Maturity
А,В	Either or Survivor	Both are Alive	A or B as per the demand	A or B as per the demand
А, В	Either or Survivor	One is dead (say A)	Payable to B	Payable to B
A , B	Former or Survivor	Both are Alive	Payable to A	Payable to A only
A, B	Former or Survivor	One is dead (say A or B)	Payable to A (if B is dead) and payable to B if A is dead) i.e. to the survivor.	Payable to A (if B is deac) or B (if A is dead) i.e. to the survivor.

## Settlement of Claims in various types of Operational instructions

## Table- 4(A): For Time Deposits (Without Nomination)

When Special Mandate is not obtained / not given as per Page -3 of Account Opening Form

Account in the name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	Payable before Maturity	Payable After Maturity	
Α, Β	Either or Survivor	Both are Alive	Payable only after joint discharge by A and B	A or B as per the demand	
А, В	Either or Survivor	One is dead (say A)	Payable to B (survivor) and legal heir(s) of A jointly	Payable to B	
A,B	Former or Survivor	Both are Alive	Payable only after joint discharge by A and B	Payable to A only	
А, В	Former or Survivor	One is dead (say A)	Payable only on joint discharge of B (survivor) and Legal heir(s) of A	Payable to B (Survivor)	

Table -5: Lockers (With Nomination)

Locker in the name of	Operational instructions	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
A	Self	X	X dies	A can change the nomination.
Α	Self	X	A dies	X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents.
А, В	E/S	X	A dies	B will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
А, В	E/S	X	B dies	A will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents
A, B	E/S	X	A & B die	X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents
A, B	Jointly	X	A dies	B and X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X	B dies	A and X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X	A & B die	X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents.
A,8	Jointly	X & Y	A dies	B along with X and Y will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X & Y	B dies	A along with X and Y will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X & Y	A & B die	X & Y jointly will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.

# Settlement of Claims in various types of Operational instructions Table -6: Lockers (Without Nomination)

Locker in the name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	What is to be done
A	Self	A dies	Legal heirs of A or any of them mandated by any of them.
A,B	Either or Survivor	A dies	B will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A,8	Either or Survivor	B dies	A will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A,B	Either or Survivor	A & B die	Legal heirs of A and B (or any one of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A,B	Jointly	A dies	B and legal heirs of A (or any of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to locker and liberty to remove the contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	B dies	A and legal heirs of B (or any of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to locker and liberty to remove the contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	A & B die	Legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to locker and liberty to remove the contents.



## Annexure-2

## Settlement of Claims in respect of deceased Depositors

## Check-list of Documents

Claims	Document obtained : Yes/No
Accounts with Nomination Clause :	
(i) Application for Deceased Claim from Nominee/Guardian of Nominee (Annexure-	3)
(iii Copy of Death Certificate (Verified with original)	
(iii) Identity proof (as defined in Part-5)	
2. Joint Accounts with Either or Survivor Clause	
(i) Application for Deceased Claim from Survivor(s) (Annexure-3)	
<ul><li>(ii) Copy of Death Certificate (Verified with original)</li></ul>	
	unts with survivor Clause :
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco	
3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco (For amounts up to threshold limit) (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4 (ii) Copy of Death Certificate	
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco (For amounts up to threshold limit) (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4)	
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco (For amounts up to threshold limit)  (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4  (ii) Copy of Death Certificate  (iii) Letter of Indemnity signed by Claimant(s)	
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco (For amounts up to threshold limit)  (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4  (ii) Copy of Death Certificate  (iii) Letter of Indemnity signed by Claimant(s)  (Annexure-5)  4. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Account	nts with survivor Clause :
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Acco (For amounts up to threshold limit)  (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4)  (ii) Copy of Death Certificate  (iii) Letter of Indemnity signed by Claimant(s)  (Annexure-5)  4. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Accounts above threshold limit)	nts with survivor Clause :
original)  3. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Accomposition (For amounts up to threshold limit)  (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4)  (ii) Copy of Death Certificate  (iii) Letter of Indemnity signed by Claimant(s)  (Annexure-5)  4. For cases other than Nomination/Joint Accounts above threshold limit)  (i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure-4A)	nts with survivor Clause :



Application for Deceased Claim for Deposit/ Safe Deposit Lockers/ safe Custody (To be used when account has nomination or is a joint account with survivor clause)

То		
The Branch Manager		
Central Bank of India		
Branch		
Dear Sir,		
Reg : Deceased Account		
Late Shri /Smt	Account No.(s)	
A. In case of Nomination		
l, son	/daughter of Shri	residi
at		
(i) The registered nominee in the abo	our recounte(e)	_
(iii) The person authorized to receive	payment on behalf of Master/Miss	who is the
nominee in the above account(s)	and is a minor as on the date of the claim.	WHO IS LIE
The state of the s	and is a fillion as on the date of the claim.	
Please settle the balance in the account	in the name of the nominee. I/we receive	e the paymen
trustee(s) of the legal heirs of the decease	ed.	
B. In the case of joint account		
b. In the case of joint account		
I/We request you to delete the name of d	eceased person and continue the account in	my/our name
with same mode of operations,		
I/We submit photocopy of the following of	document(s) together with originals. Please	return the orig
to us after verification.	readers of the same with the same of the same	return the one
ST.		
Death Certificate issued by		
Identity proof (required in nomination	r cases)	
e:	Yours faithfully,	
e : A ton sin	( Cla mant(s))	
A BANK OUR		

Annexure - 4

# Application for deceased claim for threshold limit (To be used for cases other than Nomination / Joint Account without Survivor clause)

From,						
****		******				
		* * * * * * * * * * * * *				
arm is		*****				
	anch Ma I Bank o	and the same of th				
+++++		***** * * * * *				
		sed Account Late Shri / S				Account
		the demise of Shri / Smt. the above account (s) at				/ joint name
		The above account (a) ac			amgin	y point manne
inform	Name Father Mothe Religio	lodge my / our claim out the deceased and the infull of the parents of the parents of the firm of the deceased:	ne legal heirs are as the deceased:	under:	 ) Mother (vi) Brothe	
4.	12/1/19/2019	rceners with their respe	THE PARTY AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADD	ic arre sources	** 10 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 *	
	Sr. No.	Name / Address		Occupation	Relationship with Deceased	Age
	1				Deceases.	
	2					
	3	05/44/19/19				
	4					
	5					
	6					
	0					



4. Name (s) of the Guardian (s) of the minor Children of the depositor (s)

(a)	Whether Natural Guardian	
(b)	Whether Guardian appointed by Court of Law in India. If so, attach a certified copy or duly attested copy of such order	
(c)	In whose custody the Minor (s) is / are	

5. Claimant/s n	ame and address in full
(i) (ii) (iii)	<pre>4####################################</pre>
I / We submit th	ne following documents. Please return the original death certificate to us after verification
1. Dea	ath Certificate (Original + 1 photocopy) issued by
2. Let	ter of Indemnity
	to pay the balance amount lying to the credit of the above named deceased to
I / We hereby s knowledge and	olemnly affirm that the above statements are true and correct to the best of my / our belief.
Place :	Veries Establishe
Date :	Yours faithfully
	Signature of claimant (s)

Sr. No.	Name of Claimant	Address	Signature
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			



## Affidavit cum Indemnity Letter( For Threshold Limit)

In respect of payment of balance in deposit accounts / contents of Safe Deposit Locker / Safe Custody articles of deceased person

	10.5				
		rs. / Miss			
		*************			
ate as fo					
1, 1/	We,	am / are the legal heirs of Mr. / Mr			
/1	husba	and / son / daughter etc.)	and the deceased is	my / ou	ir (father / mother / )
th	e bal	further state that I / We the follo ance deposit / amount / jewels / safe custody: -			
100	Sr. No.	Name	Ag	e	Relationship to the deceased
1					- WASCARD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
2			UNION POSE OF F		
3	_				THE RESERVE
4	1				
5	5				
4. 1/ th	the a	th) (specify the account details)  branch of Central Bank of India of the deceased the account was had account) which includes interest up (Amount being now paid).  affirm that I / we, am / are the solount outstanding in the credit of the have requested the bank to make the belonging to the deceased togethe.	(hereinafter referred to a tiving a credit of Rs (date to (date e legal heirs of the decease account belonging to the payment of the amo	of paym ased, wheeless	Sank"). At the time of (Balance and ent) amount to Rs
be O	eirs. R	have requested the bank to hand-o	ng one of the legal heirs	for and	on behalf of all the I
		stody to Mr. / Mrs. / Miss			200 day 300

- 6. I / We, am / are aware that the Bank has agreed to settle our claims relying on this affidavit and I / We agree to indemnify the bank in respect of such payment or delivery of the contents of items in safe deposit locker or held in Safe Custody against any claim made by any person for the amount standing to the credit of the account of the deceased.
- 7. I / We for myself / ourselves and my / our respective heirs, executors and administrators jointly and severally agree, affirm and undertake that the bank, its successors and assigns and its managers, agents, officers and servants and their respective estates and effects are and shall from time to time and at all times hereafter be kept safe and saved harmless and indemnified for and in respect of such payment and against all actions, losses, cost, charges, expenses and demands whatsoever in respect of the said payment or delivery of the contents of items in safe deposit locker or held in safe custody.

All the averments made herein before are true and correct and I /	we, put my / our signature /
mark on this day of	. at
in the presence of	

Signature (s) of deponents. (Claimants)

Affidavit to be attested by Notary Public



#### Annexure 4A

Form No. CD-16	Address:
	Date:
Central Bank of India	
Dear Sirs,	
Sub: Full Name of the Deceased	
/We regret to inform you that	
	/Smt/Kum) Branch die
who was having an account/locker with your	leaving hi
ast will and testament dated	
are the executors, at	
(Name of the executor)	(Place of death)
on leaving behind the surviving legal heirs according to the Law	
(Hindu/Muslim/Parsi etc.)	
which Law he/she was governed at the time of his/her de	ath.
/We beg to give here below the information required	by you and shall thank you to pay th
balance amount/ handover articles, in the Safe Custo	ody Account / contents of the locke
(Name of signatory who to pay/han	nd over)
on my/our behalf, without insisting on production of le deceased.	Extended the second of the sec



1.	Full Title of the Account	
2.	Nature of the Account viz. Current, Home savings, Fixed Deposit, MMDC etc.	
	Safe Custody, Locker with	
	Numbers	#
3,	Due date of Deposit	:
4.	Amount claimed	
5.a.	Document in proof of deposit/ safe custody/locker, Locker Key (Pass Book, Deposit Receipt etc.)	*
b.	Whether document/locker key is in the possession of the claimant ? If not, why not ? Where is it ?	
6.a.	Has the deceased left any will ?	
b.	Has any probate / Letter of Administration or Succession Certificate to the estate of the	
	Deceased been obtained?	
c.	Executors / Administrators/ Successors of/to the estate	



of the deceased

	NAME	OCCUPATION
i)		
ii)		
ii)		
v)		
Addr	ess	
	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
	Documents enclosed for registratio	on and return:
	(Please furnish Original along with )	
	Municipal Death Certificate	
11)	Legal Representation to the	
	estate of the deceased	
	(see 6 (b) above)	# S
1)		
v)		
8.	Religion and Caste of Depositor :	
9.	Permanent residence of	
	Depositor / Locker holder	
10.	Date & Place of Death :	
11.	Details of Surviving Heirs Husband	/ Wife / Children / Parents / Brothers / Sisters.
		d address of the Karta and Co-parceners with the

ages.



a.					
b.					
c.					
d.					
e.					
£.					
g.					
12.		or Names of the Guardian minor children of the itor	a		
	a)	Whether Natural Guardian	1		
	b)	Whether Guardian appointed under the Guardians and Ward Act. If so, attach a certified Copy or duly attested copy			
		of such order	4		
	c)	In whose custody the Minor/ Minors, is/are ?			
13.	Custor	amount/articles in Safe dy Account / contents of claimed the self-acquired testral property of the sed	:		
14.		ant's own name, parentage and address in full	ŧ		
15.		of claimant's title of the s / articles contents	1		



16.	Relationship of claimant(s) to		
	the deceased depositor	1	

- 17. Are there any other Claimants?

  If so, their names, particulars
  and nature of claim :
- The following two persons have agreed to sign the Indemnity Bond as Sureties jointly with all the surviving legal heirs of the Deceased.
  - i) Name Address: Occupation Banker's Name:
  - i) Name Address Occupation Banker's Name

I/we hereby solemnly affirm that the above statements are true, that none of them nor any part of any of them is false and that nothing has been cancelled therein and that I am/we are the only executors and beneficiaries competent to contract/heir(s) and legal representative(s) of the deceased and there is no other claimant to the amount(s)/articles and the Safe Custody Account/Contents of Locker mentioned hereinabove.

Yours faithfully,

Signature of Claimant(s)

Encl: 1. Pass Book

- 2. Death Certificate
- 3. Unused Cheques
- 4. Deposit Receipt
- 5. Key of the locker



#### LETTER OF INDEMNITY (Above Threshold Limit)

To be executed by all the major legal heirs of the deceased and two Sureties of substantial worth Central Bank of India Dear Sirs. A/c No. Locker No. Ret in the name of We regret to inform you that Shri/Smt. Kum. who was 1. maintaining the above \_\_\_\_\_\_ account No. / Locker No.\_\_\_\_\_\_at your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_branch in his/her single\_name, died intestate at on\_\_\_ 2. We have further to inform you that he/she left behind him/her surviving as his/her only heirs and next-of-kin the following (name of heirs & next of kin) according to the Law of Intestate Succession, applicable to by which Law he/she was governed at the time of (Hindu, Muslim, Parsi, etc) his/her death. We have further to inform you that the balance standing to the credit of the \_\_\_\_\_\_Account is Rs. \_\_\_\_\_/- that there are articles lying in the Safe Custody Account deceased. 4. We have therefore approached you with a request to pay the aforesaid sum lying to the credit of the \_\_\_\_\_\_Account/hand over the articles lying in the said Safe Custody Account / Contents of the said Locker as mentioned above, to the undersigned Smt. / Shri (Name of person whom to pay/handover)

(The person should be from amongst signatories only)

on our behalf without insisting on production of legal representations and you have kindly agreed to do so on our executing an Indemnity as is herein contained and on relying on the information herein given by us and believing the same to be true.



the Locker to the undersigned	w
the under	rsigned
(Name of same person whom to pay/hando	over)
and	
(name of heirs & next of kin)	(name of two sureties)
indemnified, saved, defended, harmless you and you against all losses, costs, claims, actions, dema whatsoever which you may suffer and or incur by over as mentioned hereina	inds, risks, charges, expenses, damages, e reason of your at our request paying / hand
of legal representations.	Yours faithfully,
NAME OF HEIRS & NEXT OF KIN	SIGNATURE
NAME OF HEIRS & NEXT OF KIN  1.	SIGNATURE
	SIGNATURE
1.	SIGNATURE
2.	SIGNATURE
1. 2. 3.	SIGNATURE
1	SIGNATURE
1	SIGNATURE



## DECLARATION OF OATH (Above Threshold Limit)

We,	Shri/Smt					residing at	
				do hereby solemi	nly affirm and state	as under:	
1.	That Shr	ri/Smt.			the hu	isband/wife of	
	A RESTRICTOR	W-211111	100	name of deceased		CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	
	the abov	ve name depo	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			and the	
		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				bove named deponen	ts, died
				on			
2.	That he	/she left behi	nd him/her	surviving the follo	wing persons as h	is/her only heirs accor	ding to
	the	Law	of	Intestate	Succession	applicable	to
		Par and	3000	University and	\$1000 OWNERS	by which Law	
		(Hind	u, Muslim, í	Parsi, etc.)			
	he/she	was governed	at the time	of his/her death:			
		Name of the	А	AddressAge O	occupation	Relation-	
		heir				ship with	
						the deceased	
	a.						
	b.						
	C.						
	d.						
3.	That ti	he said				(hereinafter	unless
	expressi	ly named or o				"the deceased") mair	
	- 1		Acc	ount No			
	Locker	No.		with Central Ban	k of India at its_	Bra	anch in
	his/her	single name.					
4.	That no obtained	ALL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	resentation	to his/her estate	have been obtaine	ed or are contemplate	d to be
5.	That Rs.			is the amount du	e and payable to	the deceased by Centra	al Bank
	of India	being the bala	ance standin	ng to the credit of	the aforesaid acco.	int.	



6.	That there are articles lying i	with the Bank	in the Safe	Custoo	ly Acco	unt No.			in
	the name of the deceased as	per list enclos	ed with valu	ation o	of Rs				,
7,	That there are contents of Lo								
	deceased lying with the Bank	as per list end	losed with v	/aluatic	on of R	5	7		
8.	That the deceased has not him/her and that in the circu	mstances mer	itioned abov	ve, the	above	named	depon	ents ar	re the only
	persons entitled to the		standing						
	Contents of the Locker and no	and the same of	Variable Streets	anna la					
9,	We hereby further state that	we know tha	t relying on	the ab	ove rej	presenta	itions a	ind be	lieving the
	same to be true, Central Ba	nk of India h	as agreed to	o pay	the afo	resaid :	sum be	ing th	ne balance
	standing to the credit of the				Accoun	t / hand	lover ti	he arti	cles in the
	Safe Custody account / conte	ents of the loc	ker to the a	bove n	amed o	deponen	its, wit	hout i	nsisting on
	production of legal represent	ations.							
Solem	nly affirmed by the	)							
above	named deponent at	)							
on the	eday of	)							
	in the presence of	1							



(Signature of claimant over a revenue stamp)

#### RECEIPT

	of.	Rs			(Rupees	-						only	) 3
Ran	ker's	1000		No.	_Indped	_		dat≥d	4		in	favour	
rai	inci a	Cite	doc	140.				_uat ±t	10000	and fina		ent of my	
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					ceased Sh			MCCOL	nir fal ianfal	-			/\/
	NAVOCES.				om the Ba								100
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							-	Lance Control		tere and the		CASSAGRA	
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					hereby	certify	that	the	proceeds o	f your	Banker's	Cheque	No
				0.000.000.00									
		_		_dated			f	avour	ng			_issued by	yo
	settl	ement	of	the	balance	īn a	ccount	nur	ber			of	at
n			1000	1000000									
n				will	be utilized	for the I	penefit o	of the i	minor only.				
1				0.0000									



## Annexure 7

# Form of Inventory of Contents of Safety Locker Hired from Banking Company (Section 45ZE (4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949) (To be used where there is nomination or survivorship clause)

The follo	wing inventory of contents of Safety Locker	No.	io	cated in the	Safe Deposit Vault of		
	Branch at	17					
*hired by	y Shri / Smt.		(decease	ed) in his/he	r sole name.		
*hired by	y Shri/Smt. (i)	(deceased)					
	(ii)		lointly				
	(iii)		-				
was take	n on thisday o	f	20				
Sr. No.	Description of Articles in Safety Locker	Other I	dentifying	Particulars	, if		
	surpose of inventory, access to the locker was			ee/and the si	urviving hirers		
. \	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of:			cable)			
• \	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete		is not appli				
• \ The abov  1. Shri	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of:	whichever i	is not appli		ature)		
The above  Shri Add	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt	whichever i	is not appli		ature)		
The above  Shri Add	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of:	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign			
The abov  Shri  Addo Shri	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt i/Smt	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign	ature)		
The abov  Shri  Addo Shri	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign			
The above  Shri Add	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of:  i/Smt	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign			
The above  Shrive  Addo  Shrive  Shri	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt dressi/Smt	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign			
The above  Shri Add Shri Sur	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt iress	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign	ature)		
The above  1. Shri  Add  Shri  Sur  Add	Who produced the key to the locker (Delete ve inventory was taken in the presence of: i/Smt dressi/Smt i/Smt	whichever i	is not appli	(Sign	ature)		





* I, Shri/Smt.		(No	ominee)		
* We, Shri/Smt	(No	ominee)			
Shri/Smt.			and	Shri	/Smt
		ors of the joint h			
of the contents of the safety locker con the said inventory.	nprised in ar	id set out in the a	bove inventor	together wit	п а сору с
Shri/Smt.	_(Nominee)	Shri/Smt	<u> </u>		
(Survivor)					
Signature		Signature			
Date	8.				
Place	-				
		Shri/Smt			
(Survivor)					
		Signature			
		Date Place			

NOTE: It is made clear that access to locker is given to survivor (s) / nominee (s) only as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased locker hirer on the condition that such access if given to survivor (s)/nominee (s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor (s) / nominee (s) to whom the access is given.





Annexure - 7 (a)

#### Form of Inventory of Contents of Safety Locker Hired from Banking Company (To be used where there is no nomination or survivorship clause)

The follow	ving inventory of contents of Safety Lock	ker No	No located in the Safe Deposit V				
of	Bran	ch at					
* hired by	Shri/Smt.	(de	eceased) in his/her sole name.				
*hired by (Deceas	Shri/Smt. (i)						
	(ii)		Jointly				
	(iii)						
Was taker	n on this	day of	20				
Sr No	Description of Articles in Safety Locke	ors Other identifyin	g Particulars If any				
41.110	Transferred of Patrices III Surety Local	and the state of t	9				

For the purpose of inventory, access to the locker was given to the legal heir(s)/a person mandated by the legal heir(s) and surviving hers

- By breaking open the locker under his / her/ their instructions.
- Who produced the key to the locker (Delete whichever is not applicable)



The above inventory was taken in the presence of :

Legal heirs of deceased joint hirer(s)/person mandated by legal heirs

1.	Shri/Smt	
	(Signature)	
	Address	
	Shri/Smt	
	(Signature)	
	Address	
	And	
	Shri/Smt	
	Survivors of Joint hirers	
	(Signature)	
	Shri/Smt	
	(Signature)	
	Address	
2.	Witness (es) with name, address and signature :	
Shri/Smt		
		(Signature)
Address		(Signature)
Shri/Smt		-
		(Signature)
Address		



# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

	legal heir/mandate holder
*We, Shr /Smt.	
	legal heirs and
ShriySmt.	
	surviving hirers
Hereby acknowledge the receipt of the inventory together with a copy of the s	e contents of the safety locker comprised in and set out in the ab aid inventory.
Shri/Smt.	
(Legal Heir/Mandate Holder)	
(Legal Heir/Mandate Holder) Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/SmtShri/Smt	SignatureSignature



## Form of Inventory of articles left in Safe Custody with banking company

(Section 45ZC (3) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949)
(To be used where there is nomination survivorship clause)

	an agreement/receipt dated	was taken on	this,
	day of20		
Sr No	Description of Articles in Safe Custody	Other identifying Particulars If any	
The above	inventory was taken in the presence of :		
1. Sh	ri/Smt.	(Nominee)	
Shi	ri/Smt		
3111	vanic.		
(Appoi	inted on behalf of minor Nominee)		
Address			
Address			
Signature Signature			
THE PROPERTY.			
ALCOHOLD TAKE			nor Nom
Shri/Smt		(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi	
Shri/Smt nereby ack	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised a	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi	
Shri/Smt nereby ack the said inv	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised ar ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt nereby ack the said in Shri/Smt	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised ar ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt hereby ack the said in Shri/Smt	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised ar ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt nereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised ar ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt hereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _ Date & Place	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised ar ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt hereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _ Date & Plac Shri/Smt.	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised an ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt nereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _ Date & Plac Shri/Smt. Appointed	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised an ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt nereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _ Date & Plac Shri/Smt. Appointed Signature _	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised an ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	
Shri/Smt hereby ack the said inv Shri/Smt Signature _ Date & Plac Shri/Smt.	nowledge receipt of the articles comprised an ventory.	(Nominee/appointed on behalf of mi nd set out in the above inventory together w	

It is made clear that access to safe custody articles is given to survivor (s)/nominee (s) only as a trustee of the lega heirs of the deceased depositor of Safe Custody articles on the condition that such access if given to survivor (s) / nominee (s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor (s)/nominee (s) to whom the access is given.

## Annexure - 8 (a)

Other Identifying Particulars, if any

## Form of Inventory of articles left in Safe Custody with banking company

(To be used where there is nomination or survivorship clause)
The following inventory of articles left in safe custody

with			branch, by Shri/Smt.		(deceased			
under	an	agreement/receipt	dated		was	taken	on	thi
		day of	20					

Description of Articles in Safe Custody

The a	bove inventory was taken in the presence of	
Legal	heirs or a person mandated by legal heirs:	
1.	Shri/Smt.	
	Address	(Signature)
2.	Shri/Smt	
	Address	(Signature)





# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

*I, Shri/Smt	lagal heir/mandate holder
*We, Shri/Smt	
	egal heirs and
Shri/Smt	
	surviving hiers
inventory together with a copy of the s Shri/Smt(Legal Heir/Mandate Holder)	- Contract of the Contract of
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Date & Place	
(*Delete whichever is not applicable)	



#### Annexure 9

### Legal heirs under various personal laws

- i) Hindus
  - a) Primary heirs of a Hindu male are :

i. Son (s)

ii. Daughter (s)

iii. Wife

iv. Mother

v. Children of Predeceased children

vi. Widow of predeceased son

vii. Children of predeceased grand children

b) Primary heirs of a Hindu female are :

i. Son (s)

ii. Daughter (s)

iii. Husband

iv. Children of Predeceased children

- ii) Muslims
  - a) Primary heirs of a Sunni Muslim are:

i. Son (s)

ii. Daughter (s)

iii. Wife

iv. Mother

v. Spouse (Husband / Wife)





#### b) Primary heirs of a Shia Muslim are:

- i. Spouse (Husband/Wife)
- ii. Mother
- iii. Father
- iv. Son (s)
- v. Daughter (s)

#### iii) Christians

- a) Primary heirs of a Christian are:
  - i. Spouse (Husband/Wife)
  - ii. Son (s)
  - iii. Daughter (s)

#### iv) Parsis

- a) Primary heirs of a Parsi male are :
  - i. Wife (widow)
  - II. Son (s)
  - iii. Daughter (s)
  - iv. Mother
  - v. Father
  - vi. Children of predeceased children
- b) Primary heirs of a Parsi female are :
  - i. Husband
  - ii. Son (s)
  - iii. Daughter (s)
  - iv. Children of predeceased children



